PRICE TWO CENTS

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double that of Any Other Paper, and its total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

ALLIED ARMIES IN CONTACT WITH GERMAN RIGHT WING

fighting occurred.

The Kroonland brought 317 passengers, several hundred less than her

The Only Hope Now is in the Ger

man Contingent.

Austrian army operating in Galicia and that the only hope now is in the German contingent, which is congest-ing all the railway lines toward the

ing all the railway lines toward the northeastern frontier. It is asserted that the Austrian general staff is urging the Germans to dispatch some of their 420 millimetre guns to Galicia.

Official reports from Petrograd say that, although the defeat of the Russians at Tannemberg was regrettable, it is serving only to stimulate the fervor of the people, the army and the government to multiply their efforts for final success, which the whole nation considers inevitable as the Germans in making what was perhaps their most strenuous attempt, disrupted ony one-twentieth part of the Rus-

GERMANS TO ATTACK

too strong

Have Found the Northern Forts Too

Strong.

Geneva, Switzerland, Sept. 6, 6.15 a.m.—News of the taking of Amiens by the Germans was received at Basel as indicating that the Germans intend to make an eastern side attack on Paris, having found the northern forts too strong

All Alsace is free of both German and French troops, except for patrols. The German and French already have

begun to exchange prisoners who crossed the Swiss frontier. All the Swiss army is still in arms, but not sure that the neutrality of the country will not be violated.

Crowds of refugees from all other countries continue to arrive here. The

countries continue to arrive here. The

greater number came from Paris. No expulsions are being made. The food

Plants Are Being Shut Down or Out-

London, Sept. 6, 4.40 p. m.—A despatch to the Weekly Dispatch from Copenhagen gives an analysis of paralysis of German trade written by Emile Lederer in the Vossiche Zeltung in which the following appears:

"In spite of the increasing obsorption of workmen by the army there is

PREVAILS IN GERMANY

supply is still normal.

PARALYSIS OF TRADE

VIENNA SAYS DEFEAT

Defending the Roads to Paris--- Fighting is Somewhat of all Interests in an endeavor to keep South of the Paris Line

TOWN OF MAUBOEGE STILL RESISTING ASSAULT

Germans are Again Attacking the Forts at Nancy-Emperor William and Staff are Watching the Operations-British Casualties Up to Sept. 1 Number 15,000-Montenegrin Troops Defeat Austrian-France is Calling Out the 1915 Recruits-British Steamer Sunk by Mine in the North Sea-A German Official Statement Says Allied Troops are in Retreat Between Paris and Verdun - British Cruiser Blown Up by Mine.

The allied armies defending the reads to Paris have again come into contact with the German right wing on the banks of the river Grand Morin which runs east and west, somewhat south of the Paris line.

An official statement issued by the French war office says that the allies advanced troops came into touch with the German forces which seem to be covering on the river Ourcq toward the southwest and movament of the main body of the German right wing and a small engagement resulted in an advantage to the French.

The town of Mauboege, where it is reported British treops are assisting the French garrison, is said to be still resisting the German assault.

From Berlin, by way of Amsterdam, comes the report that the Germans are attacking the forts at Nancy, and that Emperor William and the general staff are watching the operations.

The British official war information bureau has issued a long seneral survey of the operations of the British carmy during the past week and in advance in the conting the operations, which shows a total of more than 15,000 men up to September 1.

The statement which is based on a report from Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British carmy during the past week and in advance to the Sprit of the British casualties, which shows a total of more than 15,000 men. The present were on the British from Archangel by the Arctic occan their achievements. It declares that while the British losses are heavy, they are not one-third of the losses inflicted by the British troops on the Germans. The statement closes with a cell for more are assent to the counterment of Russian troops through the British Isles to the continent. Returning with Mr. Thompson was highly of the germans. The statement closes with a collegate to the church peace conference at Constance on Aug. I, the conference at Constance on Aug. I, the conference at Constance on Aug. I, the

the British troops on the Ger-The statement closes with a

call for more men. Berlin reports that 3,000 British pris-A bombardment has begun of the lortifications at Cattaro, an Austro-Hungarian scaport, by the French fleet and advices from Cettinje credit the Montenegrin troops with the decast of the Austrians at Boljanitz in Harrogravina.

Herzogovina Strains at Boljantz in France is calling out the 1915 recruits and in this way will add 250,000 men to her forces within a few

The German Reichstag, represented, by members of all parties, has promised its full support to whatever measures the minister of marine deems necessary. Appropriations will be made for the replacement of the ships which have been lost and to carry out the have been lost and to carry out the programme of construction already ar-ranged.

A British steamer of the Wilson line, with hundreds of passengers aboard, has foundered in the North sea after striking a mine. Most of those aboard

ssian official announcements de

Russian official announcements describe a strong offensive movement against the Austrians on September 4. The forty-fifth Austrian regiment of infantry surrendered 1,500 men being taken. German troops, marching to the aid of the Austrians, were attacked, but the result of these operations has not been made known.

A German official statement says that the allied troops are in retreat beween Paris and Verdun and that the German troops are pursuing them. It adds that in the eastern theater of war the Austrian attack on Lublin continues and that the Austrians are engaged in dispersing the Russians.

Late advices say that the train service between Paris and Dieppe has been suspended. vice between Paris and Dieppe been suspended.

ADVANCE LINE ALLIES

IN CONTACT WITH GERMANS Were Successful in Short Engagemen on Right Wing of Invaders.

Paris, Sept. 6, 3.15 p. m.—An official communication issued this afternoon

advance lines of the allies fo "The advance ines of the artist of the defense of Paris came in contact yesterday with the right wing of the Germans, who appeared in a covering movement in strong force on our right and advancing toward the southeast. A and advancing toward the southeast and

and advancing toward the southeast. A short engagement resulted to the advancing of the allies.

Capture Three Spies.

"The police surprised three individuals who were exchanging illuminated signals from the banks of the Seine to the heights of Bellevue (an eastern quarter of Paris). They found in a vacant house in Bellevue a man who was formerly an interpreter in a Paris hotel. In his pocket was an order for safe conduct issued to him by the German staff in Belgium. The two other spies who were operating with this man escaped.

A Havas Agency despatch from

this man escaped.

A Havas Agency despatch from
Petrograd says that the official journal there publishes a long list of alleged cruelties committed by Germans

upon Russians who were in Germany when war was declared. Following this list, this is added: "After the communication of these "After the communication of these facts, public opinion in all civilized countries will not fail to condemn Germany's behavior, which recalls the darkest period of the middle ages."

A despatch from Madrid to the Petit Parisien says that the new Spanish ambassador to France, Marquis Devillierra, will hand to President Poincare a letter which an authorized person declares will make an excellent impression in France. lierra, will hand to President Poincare a letter which an authorized person declares will make an excellent impression in France.

The property of the increasing obsorption of workmen by the army, there is an increase in unemployment among those left behind. Even women cannot find employment. Day after day undertakings are being shut down or outputs diminished."

REFUTATION OF ALLEGED GERMAN ATROCITIES merican Newspaper Men Fail to Sub-

stantiate Wanton Deeds Attributed New York, Sept. 6.—The Associated ress has received by wireless from Serlin a message which follows:

It was sent from Aix-les-Chape le to Berlin for transmission. The authors all of whom are well known American all of whom are well known American newspaper men, were originally assigned to Brussels, and when that city was taken they were returned to aixles-Chappelle, from which city they have been endeavoring to reach London, but without success. The telegram was partly mutilated by interference and certain words are missing, but the text here given is clearly that intended by the authors.

Prisoners Not III Treated.

Prisoners Not III Treated Prisoners Not III Treated.

"In spirit we unite in rendering (sic) German atrocities groundless as far as we are able to. After spending two weeks with and accompanying the troops upward of 100 miles, we are unable to report a single instance unprovoked. We are also unable to confirm rumors of mistreatment of prisoners or of non-combatants with the German columns. This is true of Louvain, Brussels, Luneville and Nantes, while in Frussian hands. We visited Chateau Soldre, Sambre and Beaumont without substantiating a single wanton brutality. Numerous investigated ton brutality. Numerous investigated rumors proved groundless. Everywhere we have seen Germans paying for purchases and respecting property rights, as well as according civilians every consideration.

New York. Sept. 6.—Russian troops to the number of 150,000 have passed through England and are now at the rear of the German army in France, according to Vance Thompson, an American writer who arrived here today on the Red Star liner Krooniand, which sailed from Liverpool August 23. On that day, Mr. Thompson said he saw detachments of Cossacks on their way to the channel ports, and learned that the British government had suspended the regular train service in order to give the Russians the right of way. He added that he could say from reliable authority that 150,000 Russians had already crossed the channel and probably were now attacking the German rear, while it was understood that thousands more were on their way from Archangel by the Arctic ocean route to England.

Passengers on several steamers from England recently have reported a movement of Russian troops through the British Isles to the continent.

Returning with Mr. Thompson was his father, the Rev. C. L. Thompson, who was a delegate to the church peace conference at Constance on Aug. I, the day war was declared between Russia and Germany. Two days later the conference ended abruptly and Mr. Thompson and his son started for Eng-No Direct Evidence. "After the battle of Biass, a suburb of Namur, we found Belgian women and children moving comfortably about. The day after the Germans had captured the town in Merbes Chateau we found one citizen killed, but were unable to confirm lack of provocation. Refugees with stories of atrocities were unable to supply direct evidence. Belgians in the Sambre valley discounted reports of cruelty in the surrounding countries. The discipline of the German soldiers is excellent as we observed. To the truth of these statements we pledge cur professional and

served. To the truth of these statements we pledge cur professional and personal word."

Signed by Roger Lewis, The Associated Press; Irving S. Cobb, Saturday Evening Post and Philadelphia Public Ledger; Harry Hansen, Clincago Daily News; James O'Donnell Bennett and John T. McCutcheon, Chicago Tribune. GERMAN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Says German Troops Are Pursuing Thompson and his son started for Eng-land but were for two weeks in Al-sace-Lorraine, where much of the first Allies Between Paris and Verdun.

RECEIVED BY WIRELESS

London, Sept. 6, 9.29 p. m.—The fol-lowing German official statement was received tonight by the Marconi wire-less telegraph company:

less telegraph company:

"The German army administration reports that in the west the allied troops are in retreat between Paris and Verdun and that the German troops are pursuing them. Paris is empty and the only scene of animation is around the railway stations. which are filled with thousands of fugitives. The London newspapers do not consider that Paris will defend itself to the utmost. AT LEMBURG WAS A ROUT Rome, Sept. 6, 10.40 a. m., by way of London, 3 a. m.—9 news despatch from Vienna says that the defeat at Lemburg was a rout of the whole itself to the utmost.

"In the eastern theatre of war the Austrian attack on Lublin continues and the armies commanded by Generals Dank and Auffenberg are still engaged in dispersing the enemy so as to obtain the fullest advantage from their elections witcher at Krasnik and to obtain the fullest advantage from their glorious victories at Krasnik and Zamazo. Those victories wrich were achieved after three days of bitter fighting resulted in the flight of the enemy. The Russian advance on Lemerg has been brought to a halt. berg has been brought to a halt.

"Further important developments are imminent. The first Polish legion, under Austrian command, has been formed Cracow. The emperor has appointed General Von Vaczynewski to command this force. Warsaw is being prepared for defense by the Russians.

"It is reported that fear of the fear of the German fleet has caused great alarm in English seaport towns. In darm in English seaport towns. Hartlepool torpedoes are set in front around the coasts the nervousness oc-casioned by the German mines is said to be indescribable. "The enrollment of recruits for the

ed ony one-twentieth part of the Russian army.

Since the war began the government has not permitted the operation of wireless telegraph apparatus. It has een suspected, however, that some reless operators were at work and earch revealed an outfit on the roof British army is proceeding slowly. From one town of 700,000 inhabitants not more than 100 men reported them selves, the majority of them being tramps. The nation has not been perof a boarding house frequented by for-eigners. Two students who had erect-ed the plant were arrested. mitted to learn the real situation at the seat of war." PARIS FROM EAST

MONTENEGRIN TROOPS DEFEAT THE AUSTRIANS

At Boljanitz and Capture All Their Munitions of War.

Rome, via London, Sept. 6, 10.23 p. m. -A despatch from Cettinje to the Messagero says Montenegrin troops under command of General Vukotitch, the war minister, have defeated the Aus-trians at Boljanitz, in Herzegovina. trians at Boljanitz, in Herzegovina, capturing all their munitions of war and the commissariat. The Austrians are said to have left a large number of dead and wounded on the field. "General Vukotitch." the despatch adds, "drove the Austrians back t.w-ard Cianitza, where he made a triumphant entry. The town had been pillaged and portions of it were in flames.

"Sanguinary fighting continues, The Montenegrins are engaging a superior number of Austrians and endeavoring to occupy Crehovo."

NINE MERCHANT SHIPS DESTROYED BY MINES

Five Danish, Two Dutch, One Norwegian and One Swedish.

Washington, Sept 6.—Nine n utral merchant ships have been destroyed by German mines, according to British foreign office advices to the British foreign office advices to the Bitish embassy here, made public tonight. The message snys "The following neutral vessels are known by the admiranty to have been destroyed by German m.ncs, in most cases with loss of life among the crews: Five Danish, two Dutch, one Norwesian, one Swedish."

Cabled Paragraphs

Report Made on German Atrocities Amsterdam, Sept. 6. (By Way of Paris, 11:30 a. m.—The military at-ache of the United States here has Washington a long report concern-the charges that have been made ferman atrocities in Belgium.

Paris, Sept. 6, 6:24 p. m.—A Havas Agency despatch from Petrograd says that the Novo Vremya has received a message from Tokio stating that the British destroyer Welland has sunk several German torpedo boats.

Floods at Kiao-Chow. Kiao-Chow. Sept. 6—Floods from incessant rains have covered many square miles and washed away thirteen miles of the railway embankment which the Germans are not likely to rebuild at this time. Many people are living in the housetops and crops are floating out to sea.

3,500 British Prisoners at Doberitz. Copenhagen, Sept. 6. by Way of London, 1.48 p. m.—The Berlin papers state that nearly 3,000 British prisoners reached Doberitz Tuesday and Wednesday. They occupy five enormous tents which are surrounded by a wire fence. The men are described as looking like tramps in their tattered uniforms, but quite satisfied with their treatment and food.

GERMAN ARMY NO LONGER

THREATENING PARIS But Task of Putting the Defenses Order is Being Pushed.

London, Sept. 6, 11.30 p. m.—"Now that the German army no longer is threatening Paris," says a despatch to Renter's from Paris, "time is given to complete the task of putting the defenses of the city in order. The work is being pushed forward with the utmost activity under the supervision of General Gallieni, the military governor.

ernor.

"Although a feeling of relief is noticeable some Parisians seem almost disappointed that the preparations made to oppose the German entry into the city are not to be put to a test. The newspapers describe the engagement entered into by the allies not to agree separately to peace terms, as a pact of freedom for the modern world and a new holy alliance of peoples who are determined not to be crushed under the German heel."

BRITISH CRUISER BLOWN UP BY A MINE IN NORTH SEA. Junior Officers and Four Officers Are Missing.

London, Sept. 7.—The light cruiser Pathfinder of the British navy has been blown up by a mine in the North

The loss of life is not definitely known. The paymaster, Sydney W. Finch, was killed and the commander, Capt. Francis M. Leeke, was wounded. Six junior officers and two petty offi-

The Pathfinder is the second British ruiser blown up by mines in the North sea. She was of 2,940 tons and carried a complement of 268 men. She was commissioned at Portsmouth in October 1913 October, 1913, and eighth flotilia.

FIGHTING CONTINUES

FROM LUBLIN TO KHOLM Austrian Army Corps Tried to Break Through the Russian Line.

Petrograd, Sept. 6, via London, 10.30 p. m.—"Desperate fighting continues along the front from Lublin to Kholm, where the Tenth Austrian army corps made an attempt to break through the Russian line," says an official statement issued here tonight.

"The Austrians were made prisoners."

pulsed and 5,000 were made prisoners. The Russians secured various docu-ments in which the Austrian generals made urgent appeals for help from Germany.
"In Galicia 30 locomotives and an

enormous amount of rolling stock were

JOFFRE SUCCEEDS IN TURNING GERMAN LINES. Sir John French Has Gotten Around

the Left Wing. London, Sept. 6, 3.42 p. m.—A despatch to the Times sent fro mboulogne today says that the mayor of that city is reported to have received a telegram this morning stating that Ceneral Joffre had succeeded in turning the German lines and that Sir John French had gotten around on the left of the German army. The German troops at Lille left there hur-German troops at Lille left there hur-riedly yesterday.

FEAR OF A GENERAL

ATTACK ON ANTWERP Presaged by Activity of German Aerial Service in That Vicinity.

Rotterdam, Sept. 6, via London, 2.4 p. m.—The activity in the German aerial service in the vicinity of Ant-werp is believed here to be an indi-cation thta a general attack on Antwerp is only the matter of a Many persons are leaving Antwerp

on barges for Dutch territory. The wealthy people of Ghent are leaving for England.

WILSON PASSENGER LINER SUNK BY A MINE

All Aboard Saved With the Exception of Twenty Russian Refugees.

London, Sept. 6, 3:13 p. m.—The Wilson pasenger liner Runo with 600 pasengers on board struck a mine in the North Sea and was sunk yester-day afternoon. All of the crew and passengers, with the exception of twenty Russian refugees were saved. The Runo sailed from Hull for Archangel Archangel and fouled the mine when about forty miles off Shields at 4:35 o'clock.

ALLIES HAVE DRIVEN

GERMAN TROOPS BACK Fifteen Miles Beyond St. Quentin-In flicted Considerable Losses,

Antwerp, Sept. 6, via London, 2.08 p. m.—The French legation here today officially confirmed the previously announced success of the Anglo-French troops who are said to have brilliantly driven the Germans back some fifteen miles beyond St. Quentin, inflicting considerable losses. to import drugs and surgical instru-ments free of duty during the war.

President is Not Going to Stump

WILL REMAIN IN WASHINGTON DURING FALL CAMPAIGN

TO STAY ON HIS JOB

the "Unlooked for Inter Situation"-No Time Boost His Interests to the Disadvantage of the Country.

Washington, Sept. 6. — President Wilson announced today he would not make a speaking tour during the coming campaign. He declared his intention of "staying on the job" because of the "unlooked for international situation."

The president made known his in-tentions in a letter to Representative Doremus of Michigan, chairman of the democratic congressional committee, who had written him asking whether he would make a speaking campaign this fall. The correspondence was made public at the White House to-

America Greater Than Party. "America is greater than any party," the president wrote. "America cannot properly be served by any man who properly be served by any man who for a moment measures his interests against her advantage. The time has come for great things. These are days big with destiny for the United States as for the other nations of the world. A little wisdom, a little courage, a little self-forgetful devotion may, under God, turn that destiny this way or that. Great hearts, great natures, will respond. Even little men will rejoice to be stimulated and guided and set a heroic example. Parties will fare well enough without nursing if the men who head them forget themselves to serve a cause and set a great people forward on the path of liberty and peace."

May Give Out Statements. Despite his determination to make no speeches, Mr. Wilson will "take occasion, as opportunity offers, to state and perhaps re-state to the country, in the clearest and most convincing terms I can command, the things which the democratic party has attempted to do."

tempted to do."

The president asked that congress "remain to do their work of necessary and pressing service and bring it to a successful conclusion." He said, however, that he saw nothing to keep congress in session after the emergency work was finished.

The president had been asked to speak in lowa, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Maine and other states. He had previously told those who asked him that he would make no promises until he saw what the general situation was.

MOLINEAUX SUFFERING FROM NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

New York, Sept. 6 .- Roland B. Mol neaux, who was acquitted in 1902 of the murder of Mrs. Katherine L. Adams, after two sensational trials, was detained today by the police of Babylon Long Island. Molineaux, who had been undergoing treatment for a nervous breakdown, dashed down the street today, it is charged, clad in a bathrobs and trousers and knocked down several pedestrians, including two women. He was overpowered by a policeman. The technical charge of disorderly conduct was placed against disorderly conduct was placed against him and he was remanded until Mon-

day.

Molineaux has been a patient at a health farm in Babylon for several days.

Four Farm Buildings Burned. Meriden, Conn., Sept. 6.—Spontaneous combustion was responsible for
the loss of four farm buildings belonging to Jason J. Wilcox which were
located in the vicinity of the Highland
Country club in Westfield tohight. The
barns were a total loss and the firemen devoted their efforts to saving
the homestead. About 100 tons of hay
were destroyed by the flames and 75
chickens were burned. The loss is es-

Forbidden Zone in Bosphorous 4.25 p. m.—The minister of marine has established a new forbidden zone of established a new forbidden zone of entrance to the Bosphorous. It stretches from the Rumelt light to Messarburnn, near Buyuk-Bere, 11 miles northeast of Constantinople a distance of about seven miles. This considerably enlarges the forbidden

Protest Aeroplane Bomb Throwing. Ostend. Sept. 6. By Way of Lon-don, 11:19 p. m.—The cotton exchange at Ghent has sent a cable message to the New York cotton exchange reruesting the latter to protest to the I nited States government against the elleged actor of Zeppelin and Taube aeroplance in throwing bombs upon the unprofected city of Ghen.

Tokio, Sept. 6—The Japanese com-mander reports that two sea-planes reconnoitered Tsing-Tau in the Ger-man territory of Klao-Chow, yesterday and dropped bombs on the wireless barracks. One of the sea-planes re-ceived 15 shots in its planes, but both

Bombarding Bay of Cattaro. Antivari, Montenegro, (By Way of London, Sept. 6. 3:05 p. m.—A bombardment of the fortifications in the Bay of Cattaro, Austria-Hungary, from the sea was begun by a large French fleet which passed northward this morning.

London, Sept. 6, 10:45 p. m.—A des-patch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Berlin by way of Amsterdam says the Germans are attacking the forts at Nancy and that Emperor William and the German general staff are

London, Sept. 6, 8:10 p. m.—A Reuter despatch from Petrograd (St. Peters-burg) says the Russian government has authorized the Red Cross Society

Condensed Telegrams

Bernard M. Baruch has contributed \$10,000 to the American Red Cross

Railroad officials in Colorado have called for 12,000 cars to remove the

Busines transactions in Mexico are paralyzed as a result of the shortage

King George and Queen Mary visit-ed 300 wounded soldiers at the Lon-don Hspital.

Gold to the amount of \$250,000 was withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury for shipment to Canada.

Harry R. Kurrie of Chicago was elected president of the Chicago, In-dianapolis & Louisville Railroad. The Czar of Russia has conferred the Order of St. Vladimir on General Rennenkampff for deeds of bravery.

The National Enameling and Stam inf Co., of St. Louis, will add 3,0 men to its force before September

William Burgess, 33 years old, a line-man, of Princeton, N. J., was killed when his body came in contact with Herbert Ortlieb of New York com-mitted suicide when he found he would be unable to go back to Germany and fight.

Franklin H. Bell, an expert swimmer was drowned in Lake Erie at Crysta Beach after saving the lives of two women bathers. Theodore Roessvelt is in Louisiana to help the Progressive party. On Tuesday he will begin an automobile tour of the State.

Christabel Pankhurt, the militant suffragette who has been in exile in France for about two years, has returned to England.

The Hotel Appledone Island, Isle of Shoals, ten miles from the mainland was destroyed by fire. Several cot-tages were also burned.

The United States gunbeat Newport arrived at Newport, R. I., from Marseilles bringing eleven refugees from the European war zone. Paul Fuller, President Wilson's representative in Mexico, left Vera Cruz for Mexico City for a second conference with General Carranza.

The new Anchor Line steamer Hus-cania was launched at the shippards of Stephen & Co., on the Clyde. The vessel has a tonnage of 14,000.

W. Leonard Bonney, a New York av-ator, had a wonderful escape from eath when his machine caught fire and fell 1,000 feet at Bellefonte, Pa.

Five negroes, charged with the murder of Fletcher Turner, a poll-tician of Dadeville, Ala., were guard-Phoebe A. Lum, bookkeeper for the Tuttle Roofing Co. of New York, was held up and robbed of \$800 while on her way from the Garfield National Bank.

The American Consul at Prague informed the State Department that the report of the execution of Prof. Thomas Massryk of the Austrian Parliament is false.

The steamer Lux, which arrived in New York from Bilbon, reported pass-ing a fishing schooner bottom up on

Bouck White the Socialist preacher who was sent to Blackwell's Island for disturbing Rockefeller's congregation, was nominated as a Socialist candi-

The steamer Moldegaard of New York, the first vessel to be registered and sail under the Ship Registry Act, is en route to Newport News to load

Preident Wilson nominated Martin Travieso, Jr., of Porto Rico, to be sec-retary of Porto Rico, and Manuel B. Domenich to be Commissioner of the

Nine members of the Butte Mine Workers' Union arrested since martial law was declared, will face trial be-fore the military commission of the Montana National Guard.

Dan O'Leary of Chicage, the veteran pedisetrian, who started out to walk 1,000 miles in as many hours, has given up the task. He was advised by his physician to give up the walk.

John Fleming Wilson, the short-story writer, joined the 'alimony club" at the Ludlow Street jail. He failed to answer a suit for separation and was jailed in default of \$750 bail.

Rauol Villain, slayer of M. Jaures, the French Socialist leader, blames his father, saying that he never had from his father the love due him. He also said that he suffers from nervous

William Ackhurst of Nova Scotia, 73 years old, has come out with a chal-lenge to the Kaiser to meet him in mortal combat. He has chosen as his seconds Field Marshals Kitchener and

The United States postoffice has re-fused to recognize Mexican Constitu-tionalist postage stamps and no mail bearing these stamps will be delivered ss postage due stamp is attached collected.

Senator Jones, of Washington, introduced a bill to provide loans for encouraging and assisting home owning and home building, the loans not exceeding \$5,000 and the rate of interest not exceeding four per cent.

Constitutionalist authorities discovered a human heart, preserved in alcohol in Mexico City. Blood stained clothing which belonged to President Madero was also found in the building and several arrests were made.

Trolleys Collide at Woodmont

SIX PERSONS WERE INJURED-A DOZEN SHAKEN UP

BRAKES FAIL TO WORK

Milford.

Both Cars Were Bound for Bridgeport from Savin Rock-One Injured in a Rear End Collision Last Night at

Woodmont Conn., Sept. 6.—Six persons were injured and a dozen or more shaken up in a rear end trolley collision near Merwin's Point tonight. Both cars were bound to Bridgeport from Savin Rock. It is said the brakes refused to work on the slippery rails, causing the crash. The six persons who received medical attention were: Fred W. Roberts, Bristol; Fred Loritzon, Bridgeport; Walter Webb, Still River; John Quinn, Still River; Mrs. John Hart, Bridgeport; Miss Ella Aaken, Bridgeport:

The most seriously hurt is Mr. Roberts, whose back is injured. The injuries to the others consist largely of bruises and cuts and suffering from the shock.

Rain Made Rails Slippery.

the shock.

Rain Made Rails Slippery.

The first Bridgeport bound car had stopped to let off a passenger, when the crash came. The motorman of the second car tried to apply the brakes, but the car refused to stop. It was raining at the time, which made the rails slippery.

raining at the time, which made the rails slippery.

Both cars were considerably damaged. Help was summoned from physicians in the vicinity. Traffic was blocked for some time.

Rear End Collision at Milford.

Milford, Conn., Sept. 6.—One person was seriously injured and half a dozen more shaken up when two trolley cars were in a rear end collision tonight at the eastern approach of the Washington bridge. Miss Belle Kinz of Bridgeport was hurled from her seat and received a broken rib and possible internal injuries. Her condition is not regarded as critical. She was later taken to her home. The accident occurred at a slight down grade and is said to have been caused when the brakes refused to work on the slippery rails.

slippery rails.

POPE BENEDICT XV fer Ceremony the New Pope Received in Audience the American Cardinale.

Rome, Sept. 6.—The coronation of Pope Benedict XV took place today in the Sistine chapel. The ceremony was imposing in its solemnity. The Sistine chapel was used for the occasion in order to avoid pomp during the war that is in progress. The entire pontifical court, numbers of the Roman aristocracy and the family of the pontiff were present.

tiff were present.

The scene with Pope Benedict seated sedia Gestatoria chair prec in the sedia Gestatoria chair preceded by the bearers of the triple crown, and flanked by the bearers of the celebrated feather fans, and sixty cardinals in their full vestments, was a striking one. When the ceremony ended the pope was received with loud acclaim

by those present.

Later in the day Pope Benedict received successively in private audience Cardinals Gibbons, Farley and O'Connell, who presented their suits and some American friends to the pontiff. WANTS AMERICAN WARSHIPS SENT TO TURKISH PORTS

To Care for Christians in Case of a Mohammedan Uprising.

Washington Sept. 6.—German and Austrian consular officers have been ordered by British authorities to leave Roumania has announced officially that if she abandons her position of neutrality, it will be to follow the course taken by Italy.

Great Britain has informed the United States that she would look with United States that she would look with favor on the sending of American warships to Turkish ports to care for Christians in case there was a Mohammedan uprising against them.

These developments in the highly critical situation, brought about by the feeling of the triple entente, that Turkey is certain to join the conflict on the side of Germany and Austria, were conveyed today in official despatches to the United States government.

ment.

BRITISH CASUALTIES NOW TOTAL 15,151. Third List Made Public Up to Septem-

ber 1. London, Sept. 6, 10 p. m.—An official list of the British casualties was issued tonight. This was the third list made public and completes the casualties up to Sept. 1. It was as follows:

Killed: 9 officers, 33 men.

Wounded: 27 officers, 120 men.

Missing: 49 officers, 4,558 men.

The latest casualty list issued by the British war office comprises 4,796

the British war office comprises 4,796 men. The two previous lists accounted for 10,355 men, killed, wounded and missing, making a total of 15,151

Child Killed by Automobile. Tariffville, Conn., Sept. 6.—Five year old Frank Jaksina was killed here to-day when he was struck by an auto-mobile driven by Fred J. Potter of Hartford. Bystanders say the boy-darted across the street directly in-front of the machine, which passed over his chest, crushing out life in-stantly. Mr. Potter was arrested and held in bends of \$500 for a hearing on Sept. 14.

Motorcyclist Seriously Injured. Motorcyclist Seriously Injured.

Rockville. Conn., Sept. 6.—Arthur Pidgeon, aged 22, of West Willington, was seriously injured today when the motorcycle he was riding collided on a hill with an automobile driven by Arthur Vinton of Willington. Pidgeon was thrown over the handlebars and landed on the hood of the auto. He was taken to a Hartford hospital. His arm was broken and he is suffering

Noroton, Conn., Sept. 6.—William hington received a check for \$40 from a blacksmith. His letter reads: "I hammer out my money on the anvil and my daughter, who sends \$20 of this \$40 hammers out hers on a type-writer, Farmer Burned to Death.